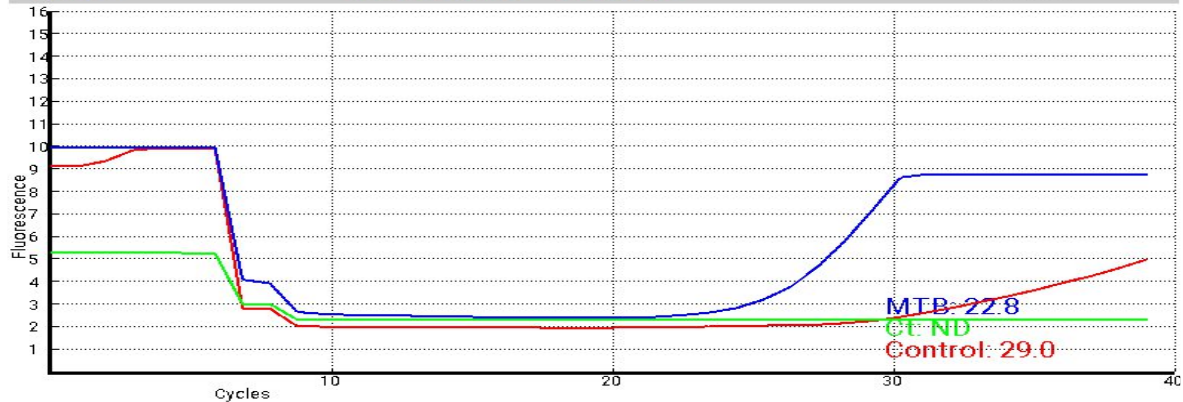


Patient Name : **Mr. HEERA LAL JI JAT**
Age & Sex : 57 Years / M
Ref. Doctor : Dr. MANOJ KUMAR ARYA MD

Received on : 24/09/2025
Reported on : 25/09/2025
Serial No : **012509240329**

Truenat® MTB

Center	ARTH DIAGNOSTICS		Operator	Arth	Bay	1
Profile	MTB		Date	Thu 25 Sep 2025 12:44		
Lot	100TB	Expiry Date	10-26	Sample	Sputum	
Patient Details						
Name	MR.HEERA LAL JI			ID	012509240329	
Age	57	Gender	Male	Referred By	DR.MANOJ KUMAR ARYA MD	
Result	Detected					
Control C _t	29.0		MTB	22.8		
Run Status	Valid					
MTB	DETECTED		8.4x10 ⁰⁴	CFU/ml		



This report is for the perusal of doctor only. Not for medico legal cases. Clinical correlation is essential. Please contact us in case of unexpected result.

Patient Name : Mr. HEERA LAL JI JAT	Received on : 24/09/2025
Age & Sex : 57 Years / M	Reported on : 25/09/2025
Ref. Doctor : Dr. MANOJ KUMAR ARYA MD	Serial No : 012509240329

MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (TRUENAT™MTB RIF TEST)

Specimen: SPUTUM

Final Result:- Rif Resistance not detected

Truenat™ MTB RIF, Mycobacterium Tuberculosis Rifampicin Resistance Test (for diagnosis of MDR TB), is a follow on test conducted on DNA extracts that have shown MTB positive by Truenat™ MTB.

INTERPRETATION:

RESULT	COMMENTS
RIF SENSITIVE	No mutations detected in the target region of <i>rpoB</i> gene. MDR TB unlikely.
RIF RESISTANT	Mutation detected in the target region of <i>rpoB</i> Gene suggesting MDR TB
INTERMEDIATE	No conclusive result

Test Principle:

The *rpoB* gene encodes the β subunit of bacterial RNA polymerase. It is the site of mutations that confer resistance to the rifampicin antibacterial agents, such as rifampin. Mutations in *rpoB* that confer resistance to rifampicin do so by altering residues of the rifampicin binding site on RNA polymerase, thereby reducing binding affinity for rifampicin. Rifampicin resistance is most invariably associated with resistant to isoniazid. Hence, detection of rifampicin resistance is recommended as a reliable proxy for diagnosis of MDR TB.

Pathogen Information:

Tuberculosis (TB) is an infectious disease caused predominantly by the bacillus Mycobacterium tuberculosis. It typically affects the lungs (Pulmonary TB) but can affect other sites as well (Extra pulmonary TB). Pulmonary TB spreads through air and is highly contagious. Over 80% of TB infections are pulmonary and if left untreated, a pulmonary TB patient can infect up to 10-15 other people through close contact over the course of a year. Multidrug-resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis (MDR-TB) has emerged as a major public health problem worldwide with about 450,000 new cases reported every year.

Target selection:

The target sequence for this test is the RRDR region of the *rpoB* gene (between codon positions 509 and 533), representing mutation hot spots known to be related to rifampicin resistance.

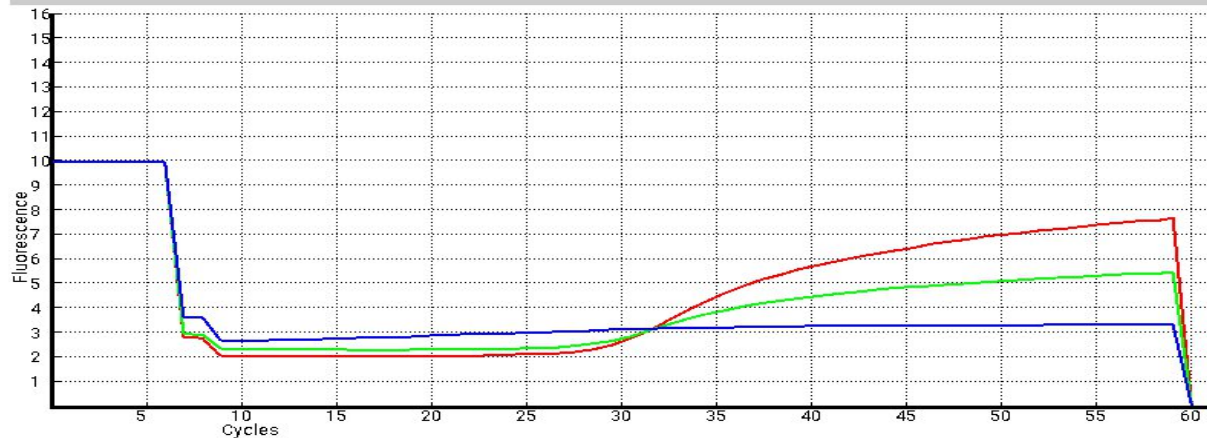
Method: Real Time PCR (Melt curve analysis)

Note: Assay result should be interpreted only in the context of other laboratory findings and the total clinical status of patient.

PATHOLOGIST

Patient Name : Mr. HEERA LAL JI JAT	Received on : 24/09/2025
Age & Sex : 57 Years / M	Reported on : 25/09/2025
Ref. Doctor : Dr. MANOJ KUMAR ARYA MD	Serial No : 012509240329

Truenat® MTB RIF					
Center	ARTH DIAGNOSTICS		Operator	Arth	Bay 1
Profile	MTB RIF		Date	Thu 25 Sep 2025 13:34	
Lot	091TX	Expiry Date	02-27	Sample	Sputum
Patient Details					
Name	MR.HEERA LAL JI			ID	012509240329
Age	57	Gender	Male	Referred By	DR.MANOJ KUMAR ARYA MD
Result	Rif Resistance not detected				
P2	72.03	P1	66.31	Control	71.1
Run Status	Valid				



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